

Odisha

1. As on 30.9.2016, the total installed capacity (including allocated share in joint and central sector utilities) of Odisha was 9421.52 MW. In the total installed capacity of the Odisha, the share of State Sector is 2488.22 MW & Private Sector is 5145.25 MW whereas Central Sector is 1788.05 MW.
2. The energy deficit and peak deficit in Odisha was nil during April to August, 2016.
3. The four DISCOMs in the State are in the private sector, out of which three are with the M/S RIL and the fourth DISCOM, which was earlier with the AES (US based private company), is now being managed by the State Regulatory Commission under a Scheme formulated by the Commission. The State is still having Distribution losses around 34% and the private companies are not investing for system improvement. The collection efficiency is 98%, the AT&C losses are 37%, apart from 3.75% transmission losses during (2014-15).
4. Odisha has projected to reduce the AT&C losses at 20.50 % level by 2021-22 in UDAY Scheme of Ministry of Power. The State Government should pressurise the private DISCOMs for capital investment in Transmission & Distribution System to reduce high AT&C losses as per line of private DISCOMs in Delhi.
5. As per 2011 census, there were 47677 villages in Odisha. Out of 47677 villages, 45813 (96%) villages were electrified till date. Out of balance 1864 un-electrified villages, 1431 villages are to be electrified through grid and 433 villages are inhabited. Out of 1431 villages electrified through grid, 1374 are awarded & 57 villages are yet to be awarded.
6. Odisha has total 81.44 lakhs rural households. Out of 81.44 lakhs rural household, 38.8 (47%) lakhs households has been electrified till date. The balance rural households to be electrified are 42.64 Lakhs. The State Government needs to accelerate the household's electrification as only 47% households are electrified till date.

7. 12 towns are covered under Part-A of R-APDRP and 24% funds have been released whereas 12 towns are covered under Part-B of R-APDRP and 15% funds have been released as on Dec, 2015. The work progress is slow. The State Government should accelerate the work progress of R-APDRP for financial health of power sector. This scheme has been subsumed in Integrated Power Development Scheme (IPDS) in November 2014. The State Government should utilize the funds available under IPDS for improvement of Power sector.
8. Meanwhile, 112 towns are covered under Integrated Power Development Scheme (IPDS) in Odisha. However, Government of India has approved Rs. 1083.34 crore for 112 towns. Out of which Rs. 652.08 crore is approved as grant for these towns whereas no grant released till now.

Source: Ministry of Power, Central Electricity Authority and REC/Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana.

